1		HONORABLE RONALD B. LEIGHTON
2		
3		
4		
5		
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
8	HECTOR L RESSY,	CASE NO. C14-5693 RBL
9	Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO
10	v.	DISMISS
11	JOHN DOE, et al.,	[DKT. #12]
12 13	Defendant.	
14	THE MATTED is before the Court on De	fondanta' Matian to Diamica [Dkt. #12]
15		
16		
	disagrees on the math.	
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23	amended complaint on November 12, 2014, naming the County and several individuals. The	
24		

defendants claim that the amended complaint does not "relate back" to the date of the initial complaint because naming a "John Doe" rather than an actual entity or person is not the sort of "mistake in identification" that would permit relation back. Ressy claims that his negligence claim is timely because the state law pre-claim notice statute tolls the limitations period for the 60 day notice period, plus five additional days. He also asks the court to follow what he claims is "more persuasive" Third Circuit authority permitting relation back even where only a John Doe is named, if the Plaintiff was "mistaken" about the defendant's identity. Ressy's negligence claim is time barred. 65 days from September 2, 2014 is November 5. Even if Ressy is entitled to not count the weekend days of November 1 and 2 in the 60 day 10 calculation, and November 8 and 9 in the subsequent 5 day calculation, his amended complaint had to be filed no later than Monday, November 10, to be timely. It was not. The negligence claim is time-barred and is DISMISSED. Ressy's §1983 claims are also untimely. As the Defendants persuasively argue, the better rule is that Ressy must show not only that the defendants had notice of his claim, but that they would have been named but for a mistake, and they knew it: Where a plaintiff wants to change the name of a party, in order to relate his amendment back to the date on which he filed his original complaint, the plaintiff must show that: (1) the claim against a newly added defendant(s) arose out of the 18 conduct set forth (or attempted to be set forth) in the original complaint; (2) the newly added defendant(s) received notice of the action within 120 days of its institution in such a manner as not to be prejudiced by defending against its merits, and (3) the newly identified defendants knew or should have known that the action would have been brought against them, but for a mistake concerning his or her identity. Dkt. #12 at 6 (citing Butler v. Nat'l Cmty. Renaissance of Cal., 766 F.3d 1191, 1202 (9th Cir.2014).]. Ressy cannot establish any of these elements. He has not shown that the County and

the individual defendants had notice, at all, and he did not even obtain summonses for them until

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

1	April of this year. He has not filed any proof of service on any Defendant. And, most	
2	importantly, Ressy cannot show that any defendant knew or should have known that, but for	
3	Ressy's mistake in naming them in the original case, they would have been named. Ressy's	
4	amended complaint does not relate back to the date of his initial filing.	
5	Ressy's claims are time-barred as a matter of law and the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss	
6	them is GRANTED. The complaint is DISMISSED with prejudice. If Ressy appeals, his in	
7	forma pauperis status shall continue on appeal.	
8	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
9	Dated this 11 th day of June, 2016.	
10		
11	RONALD B. LEIGHTON	
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		